

Diaquabis[(2-nitrophenylsulfinyl)acetato- $\kappa$ O]copper(II) tetrahydrateXue-Feng Zhu,<sup>a</sup> Li-Ming Zhao,<sup>a</sup> Guang-Feng Hou<sup>b</sup> and Jin-Sheng Gao<sup>b\*</sup><sup>a</sup>Daqing New Century Industrial Co. Ltd, Daqing 163511, People's Republic of China, and <sup>b</sup>College of Chemistry and Materials Science, Heilongjiang University, Harbin 150080, People's Republic of China

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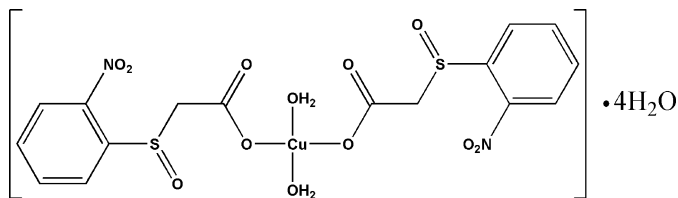
Received 29 May 2007; accepted 30 May 2007

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 293$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.039;  $wR$  factor = 0.115; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.3.

The centrosymmetric title compound,  $[\text{Cu}(\text{C}_8\text{H}_6\text{NO}_5\text{S})_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2] \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , has a four-coordinate  $\text{Cu}^{\text{II}}$  ion in a square-planar geometry defined by two carboxylate O atoms from two (2-nitrophenylsulfinyl)acetate groups and two O atoms from two water molecules. The molecules are linked together by intermolecular hydrogen bonds involving the water molecules, resulting in a layer network.

## Related literature

For the structure of the parent carboxylic acid, see: Ma (2007). For synthesis of the parent carboxylic acid, see: Nobles & Thompson (1965).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

$[\text{Cu}(\text{C}_8\text{H}_6\text{NO}_5\text{S})_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2] \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$   
 $M_r = 628.03$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

$a = 15.577$  (3) Å  
 $b = 5.3724$  (11) Å  
 $c = 14.740$  (3) Å

$\beta = 99.79$  (3)°  
 $V = 1215.6$  (4) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 2$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

$\mu = 1.15$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 293$  (2) K  
 $0.28 \times 0.25 \times 0.22$  mm

## Data collection

Rigaku R-AXIS RAPID diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)  
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.741$ ,  $T_{\text{max}} = 0.783$

10697 measured reflections  
 2762 independent reflections  
 2319 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.034$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.115$   
 $S = 1.13$   
 2762 reflections

169 parameters  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.56$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.32$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H \cdots A$	$D-H$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-H \cdots A$
$\text{O7}-\text{H9} \cdots \text{O5}^{\text{i}}$	0.85	1.85	2.699 (3)	175
$\text{O7}-\text{H10} \cdots \text{O3}^{\text{ii}}$	0.85	2.00	2.779 (3)	152
$\text{O8}-\text{H11} \cdots \text{O4}^{\text{iii}}$	0.85	2.15	2.982 (3)	166
$\text{O8}-\text{H12} \cdots \text{O3}$	0.85	2.10	2.933 (3)	167
$\text{O6}-\text{H7} \cdots \text{O8}$	0.85	1.84	2.686 (3)	172
$\text{O6}-\text{H8} \cdots \text{O7}^{\text{iv}}$	0.85	1.85	2.680 (3)	165

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x + 1, -y, -z + 2$ ; (ii)  $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$ ; (iii)  $-x + 1, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$ ; (iv)  $x, y - 1, z$ .

Data collection: *RAPID-AUTO* (Rigaku, 1998); cell refinement: *RAPID-AUTO*; data reduction: *CrystalStructure* (Rigaku/MS, 2002); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 1997a); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 1997a); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 1997b); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

The authors thank the Daqing New Century Industrial Co. Ltd and Heilongjiang University for supporting this study.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NG2272).

## References

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**supplementary materials**

*Acta Cryst.* (2007). E63, m1809 [ doi:10.1107/S1600536807026347 ]

## Diaquabis[(2-nitrophenylsulfinyl)acetato- $\kappa$ O]copper(II) tetrahydrate

X.-F. Zhu, L.-M. Zhao, G.-F. Hou and J.-S. Gao

### Comment

The crystal structure of (2-nitrophenylsulfinyl)acetic acid has been reported (Ma, 2007). Here, we report the structure of the copper derivative. The compound has the copper center being coordinated to two (2-nitrophenylsulfinyl)acetic acid groups and two water molecules in a square-planar geometry. The structure is stabilized by hydrogen bonding interactions (Table 1) that link the molecules into a layer structure (Fig. 2).

### Experimental

(2-Nitrophenylsulfonyl)acetic acid was prepared by nucleophilic reaction of chloroacetic acid and 2-nitrothiophenol under basic conditions (Nobles & Thompson, 1965). It was then oxidized using 30% aqueous hydrogen peroxide in acetic anhydride solution to produce (2-nitrophenylsulfinyl)acetic acid. Copper(II) nitrate trihydrate (0.482 g, 2 mmol) and (2-nitrophenylsulfinyl)acetic acid (0.458 g, 2 mmol) were dissolved in water and the pH was adjusted to 6 with 0.01 M sodium hydroxide; green crystals separated from the filtered solution after several days.

### Refinement

H atoms bound to C atoms were placed in calculated positions and treated as riding on their parent atoms, with C—H = 0.93 Å (aromatic C) or C—H = 0.97 Å (methylene C), and with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ . Water H atoms were initially located in a difference Fourier map but they were treated as riding on their parent atoms with O—H = 0.85 Å and with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O})$ .

### Figures

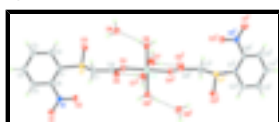


Fig. 1. **Figure 1.** The molecular structure of (I), showing displacement ellipsoids at the 30% probability level for non-H atoms. Dashed lines indicate the hydrogen bonding interactions.

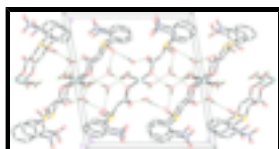


Fig. 2. **Figure 2.** A partial packing view, showing the two-dimensional hydrogen-bonding plan. Dashed lines indicate the hydrogen-bonding interactions. H atoms not involved in hydrogen bonds have been omitted.

## Diaquabis[(2-nitrophenylsulfinyl)acetato- $\kappa$ O]copper(II) tetrahydrate

### Crystal data

[Cu(C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>6</sub>NO<sub>5</sub>S)<sub>2</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>2</sub>] $\cdot$ 4H<sub>2</sub>O

$F_{000} = 646$

# supplementary materials

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$M_r = 628.03$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 15.577 (3) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 5.3724 (11) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 14.740 (3) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 99.79 (3)^\circ$

$V = 1215.6 (4) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 2$

$D_x = 1.716 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

$\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 8753 reflections

$\theta = 6.4\text{--}54.9^\circ$

$\mu = 1.15 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 293 (2) \text{ K}$

Block, green

$0.28 \times 0.25 \times 0.22 \text{ mm}$

## Data collection

Rigaku R-Axis RAPID  
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Monochromator: graphite

$T = 293(2) \text{ K}$

$\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)

$T_{\min} = 0.741$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.783$

10697 measured reflections

2762 independent reflections

2319 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.034$

$\theta_{\max} = 27.5^\circ$

$\theta_{\min} = 3.3^\circ$

$h = -20 \rightarrow 16$

$k = -6 \rightarrow 6$

$l = -19 \rightarrow 19$

## Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$

$wR(F^2) = 0.115$

$S = 1.13$

2762 reflections

169 parameters

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct  
methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring  
sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0607P)^2 + 0.3938P]$$

where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.56 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.32 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Extinction correction: none

## Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -

factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O7	0.64039 (15)	0.3858 (5)	0.97093 (15)	0.0651 (7)
H9	0.6487	0.2770	1.0134	0.098*
H10	0.6754	0.3607	0.9335	0.098*
C1	0.17597 (14)	0.3739 (4)	0.65632 (15)	0.0305 (5)
C2	0.19283 (17)	0.3735 (5)	0.56705 (17)	0.0403 (6)
H1	0.2324	0.2600	0.5503	0.048*
C3	0.1514 (2)	0.5401 (6)	0.50240 (18)	0.0460 (7)
H2	0.1642	0.5400	0.4430	0.055*
C4	0.09128 (18)	0.7062 (6)	0.52569 (17)	0.0453 (6)
H3	0.0630	0.8159	0.4817	0.054*
C5	0.07302 (16)	0.7100 (5)	0.61371 (17)	0.0398 (6)
H4	0.0324	0.8216	0.6296	0.048*
C6	0.11567 (14)	0.5465 (4)	0.67806 (15)	0.0296 (5)
C7	0.31452 (16)	0.3077 (5)	0.79487 (17)	0.0359 (5)
H5	0.3533	0.3608	0.7536	0.043*
H6	0.2927	0.4545	0.8219	0.043*
C8	0.36275 (16)	0.1415 (5)	0.86970 (16)	0.0360 (5)
Cu1	0.5000	0.0000	1.0000	0.03945 (17)
N1	0.09619 (14)	0.5590 (4)	0.77139 (14)	0.0347 (4)
O1	0.03918 (14)	0.6992 (4)	0.78782 (13)	0.0532 (5)
O2	0.13813 (14)	0.4272 (4)	0.83009 (13)	0.0521 (5)
O3	0.26962 (14)	-0.0378 (4)	0.67413 (15)	0.0488 (5)
O4	0.44160 (12)	0.2006 (3)	0.89878 (11)	0.0410 (4)
O6	0.53552 (14)	-0.2293 (4)	0.91383 (13)	0.0541 (6)
H7	0.5101	-0.2419	0.8582	0.081*
H8	0.5606	-0.3657	0.9315	0.081*
O5	0.32407 (15)	-0.0344 (4)	0.89713 (17)	0.0638 (7)
S1	0.22542 (4)	0.13019 (11)	0.73286 (4)	0.03311 (17)
O8	0.44357 (13)	-0.2394 (4)	0.74232 (13)	0.0526 (5)
H11	0.4682	-0.2654	0.6960	0.079*
H12	0.3902	-0.2035	0.7249	0.079*

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
O7	0.0726 (15)	0.0724 (15)	0.0554 (13)	0.0386 (13)	0.0251 (11)	0.0294 (12)
C1	0.0249 (11)	0.0369 (12)	0.0283 (11)	-0.0008 (9)	0.0010 (8)	0.0029 (9)
C2	0.0381 (14)	0.0523 (16)	0.0314 (12)	0.0075 (11)	0.0085 (10)	-0.0001 (11)
C3	0.0506 (17)	0.0626 (18)	0.0251 (12)	0.0017 (13)	0.0077 (11)	0.0043 (12)
C4	0.0445 (15)	0.0592 (17)	0.0307 (12)	0.0109 (12)	0.0021 (10)	0.0119 (12)
C5	0.0352 (13)	0.0493 (15)	0.0344 (12)	0.0090 (11)	0.0046 (10)	0.0049 (11)
C6	0.0250 (11)	0.0377 (12)	0.0256 (10)	-0.0025 (9)	0.0035 (8)	0.0003 (9)

## supplementary materials

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C7	0.0338 (13)	0.0361 (12)	0.0355 (12)	0.0009 (9)	-0.0004 (9)	0.0074 (10)
C8	0.0390 (14)	0.0407 (13)	0.0289 (11)	0.0124 (10)	0.0077 (10)	0.0051 (10)
Cu1	0.0463 (3)	0.0408 (3)	0.0267 (2)	0.01786 (18)	-0.00671 (18)	-0.00255 (17)
N1	0.0349 (11)	0.0406 (11)	0.0294 (10)	-0.0004 (9)	0.0077 (8)	0.0003 (9)
O1	0.0613 (13)	0.0607 (12)	0.0415 (10)	0.0239 (10)	0.0198 (9)	0.0025 (10)
O2	0.0545 (12)	0.0721 (13)	0.0304 (9)	0.0210 (11)	0.0093 (8)	0.0120 (10)
O3	0.0531 (13)	0.0426 (10)	0.0509 (12)	0.0120 (8)	0.0092 (9)	-0.0051 (9)
O4	0.0421 (10)	0.0449 (10)	0.0319 (9)	0.0126 (8)	-0.0055 (7)	0.0016 (8)
O6	0.0738 (15)	0.0493 (11)	0.0339 (9)	0.0295 (10)	-0.0057 (9)	-0.0029 (9)
O5	0.0549 (14)	0.0691 (14)	0.0693 (15)	0.0095 (11)	0.0161 (11)	0.0429 (12)
S1	0.0312 (3)	0.0326 (3)	0.0356 (3)	-0.0001 (2)	0.0057 (2)	0.0047 (2)
O8	0.0520 (12)	0.0708 (14)	0.0353 (9)	0.0081 (10)	0.0080 (8)	-0.0014 (10)

### Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

O7—H9	0.8500	C7—H5	0.9700
O7—H10	0.8500	C7—H6	0.9700
C1—C2	1.385 (3)	C8—O5	1.226 (3)
C1—C6	1.396 (3)	C8—O4	1.271 (3)
C1—S1	1.812 (2)	Cu1—O6 <sup>i</sup>	1.9173 (19)
C2—C3	1.384 (4)	Cu1—O6	1.9173 (19)
C2—H1	0.9300	Cu1—O4	1.9373 (17)
C3—C4	1.379 (4)	Cu1—O4 <sup>i</sup>	1.9373 (17)
C3—H2	0.9300	N1—O2	1.218 (3)
C4—C5	1.375 (4)	N1—O1	1.219 (3)
C4—H3	0.9300	O3—S1	1.497 (2)
C5—C6	1.378 (3)	O6—H7	0.8499
C5—H4	0.9300	O6—H8	0.8500
C6—N1	1.460 (3)	O8—H11	0.8500
C7—C8	1.515 (3)	O8—H12	0.8501
C7—S1	1.800 (2)		
H9—O7—H10	109.6	S1—C7—H6	110.2
C2—C1—C6	117.6 (2)	H5—C7—H6	108.5
C2—C1—S1	117.47 (19)	O5—C8—O4	125.6 (2)
C6—C1—S1	124.64 (17)	O5—C8—C7	118.9 (2)
C3—C2—C1	120.8 (2)	O4—C8—C7	115.4 (2)
C3—C2—H1	119.6	O6 <sup>i</sup> —Cu1—O6	180.000 (1)
C1—C2—H1	119.6	O6 <sup>i</sup> —Cu1—O4	90.12 (8)
C4—C3—C2	120.2 (2)	O6—Cu1—O4	89.88 (8)
C4—C3—H2	119.9	O6 <sup>i</sup> —Cu1—O4 <sup>i</sup>	89.88 (8)
C2—C3—H2	119.9	O6—Cu1—O4 <sup>i</sup>	90.12 (8)
C5—C4—C3	120.2 (2)	O4—Cu1—O4 <sup>i</sup>	180.00 (7)
C5—C4—H3	119.9	O2—N1—O1	122.6 (2)
C3—C4—H3	119.9	O2—N1—C6	118.0 (2)
C4—C5—C6	119.1 (2)	O1—N1—C6	119.4 (2)
C4—C5—H4	120.4	C8—O4—Cu1	114.91 (16)
C6—C5—H4	120.4	Cu1—O6—H7	123.4

C5—C6—C1	122.0 (2)	Cu1—O6—H8	121.4
C5—C6—N1	117.8 (2)	H7—O6—H8	109.9
C1—C6—N1	120.2 (2)	O3—S1—C7	102.84 (12)
C8—C7—S1	107.53 (17)	O3—S1—C1	105.31 (11)
C8—C7—H5	110.2	C7—S1—C1	98.20 (11)
S1—C7—H5	110.2	H11—O8—H12	110.3
C8—C7—H6	110.2		

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+1, -y, -z+2$ .

*Hydrogen-bond geometry* ( $\text{\AA}, ^\circ$ )

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
O7—H9 $\cdots$ O5 <sup>i</sup>	0.85	1.85	2.699 (3)	175
O7—H10 $\cdots$ O3 <sup>ii</sup>	0.85	2.00	2.779 (3)	152
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O6—H8 $\cdots$ O7 <sup>iv</sup>	0.85	1.85	2.680 (3)	165

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+1, -y, -z+2$ ; (ii)  $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+3/2$ ; (iii)  $-x+1, y-1/2, -z+3/2$ ; (iv)  $x, y-1, z$ .

Fig. 1

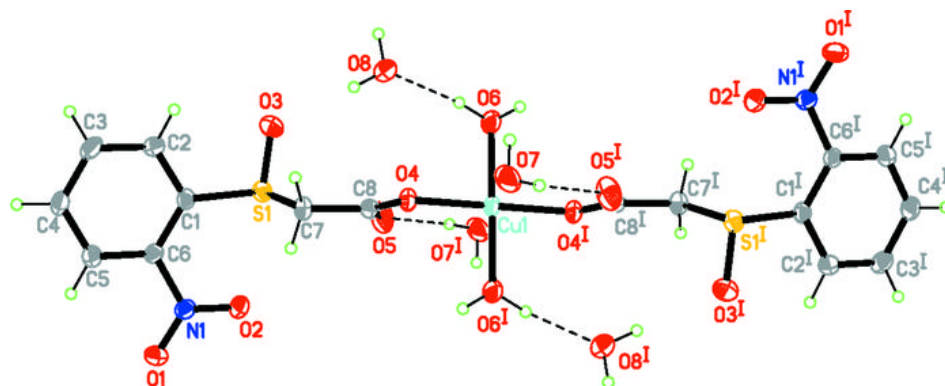




Fig. 2

